Loads

Type

Concrete srew UltraCut FBS II

Anchorage depth

Recommended loads^{1) 3)} for a single anchor or a fixing point^{4) 5) 6)} in solid brick masonry.

Solid clay brick (EN771-1) ≥ 240 x 113 x 115 mm

Solid clay brick (EN771-1) ≥ 240 x 113 x 115 mm

Solid sand-lime brick (EN771-2) ≥ 240 x 71 x 115 mm

Aerated concrete (EN771-4) ≥ 499 x 249 x 120 mm

Minimum spacing (s_{min}) and edge distances (c_{min}) Minimum spacing within anchor groups of 2 or 4 anchors

Minimum distance to the horizontal joint

¹⁾ An appropriate safety factor is considered.

10) The values are valid for unperforated solid bricks.

Minimum distance to the vertical joint

Minimum distance to the free edge

Solid clay brick10)

Aerated concrete

Solid sandlime brick101

7) Brick pull-out is decisive.

M 2.5.

Recommended loads (F,) in the respective base material 2)3)

Minimum spacing between single anchors or anchor groups

Tightening torque⁹⁾ (T_{tighten}) in respective base material

concrete screws only work in the brick but not in mortar joints.

[mm] [mm] [mm] [mm] [mm]

10

15

5

FBS II 8

65

1110)

1.67)10)

1.27)10)

0.7

[mm]

[kN]

[kN]

[kN]

[kN]

[Nm]

[Nm]

[Nm]

19 The values c_min_ and c_min_k are only valid if the mortar joints are filled proper. Otherwise the joints has to be considered as free edges and c_min_k are only valid if the mortar joints are filled proper. Otherwise the joints has to be considered as free edges and c_min_k are only valid if the mortar joints are filled proper. Otherwise the joints has to be considered as free edges and c_min_k are only valid if the mortar joints are filled proper. Otherwise the joints has to be considered as free edges and c_min_k are only valid if the mortar joints are filled proper.

9 The screw is screwed in with a cordless screwdriver, an impact screwdriver or by hand. The screwing process must be finished immediately when the screw head is in contact with the

h

f, ≥ 12

f, ≥ 20

f, ≥ 12

 $f_{b} \ge 6$

Smin

 S_{min}

C_{min,h}⁸⁾

 $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{tighten}}$

T_{tighter}

³⁾ The loads only apply to multiple fixings of non-load-bearing systems and are valid for tensile load, shear load and oblique load under any angle.

6) The fixing points have to be arranged in this way that there will be always maximum one fixing point arranged in one brick.

assembled object. The specified tightening torque must then be applied with a torque wrench.

C_{min, free edge}

15 5

FBS II 10

85

1 410)

1.67)10)

1.27)10)

0.9

80

80

20

40

200

10

The given loads apply to the given brick measures for masonry with superimposed load. Larger brick formats are at least equivalent in case of the loads. Base material f, in [N/mm²]. 4) To confirm the given technical data, it is recommended to carry out tests on the construction site. In case of not visible joints a 100% testing of the anchors is recommended as the ⁵⁾ A fixing point can be a single anchor, 2 anchors or 4 anchors with a minimum spacing s_{min}. Anchor groups of 4 anchors are arranged in rectangular disposition.

Loads

Type

FBS II 6

FBS II 8

FBS II 10

FBS II 12

FBS II 14

Material/

surface

avz

avz

avz

avz

gvz / CP

avz / CP

avz / CP

gvz / CP

avz / CP

avz / CP

gvz / CP

avz / CP

gvz / CP

gvz / CP

avz / CP

Concrete screw Ultracut FBS II US hexagon head with integral washer and FBS II SK countersunk head

Minimum

member

h_{min}

80

90

90

100

100

120

100

120

140

110

130

150

120

140

180

[mm]

thickness

Instal-

lation

torque

T_{imp, max}²⁾

[Nm]

450

450

450

450

600

600

650

650

650

650

650

650

650

650

650

²⁾ Maximum allowable torque for installation with any tangential impact screw driver. Further technical data see ETA.

Cracked concrete

with reduced loads

N_{perm} 3)

[kN]

1.2

1.7

1.9

2.4

2.9

5.7

4.3

5.7

9.2

5.3

7.6

12.0

5.8

9.0

147

actions of $\gamma_1 = 1.4$ are considered. As a single anchor counts e.g. an anchor with a spacing $s \ge 3 \times h_{s}$, and an edge distance $c \ge 1.5 \times h_{s}$. Accurate data see ETA.

accordance with the provisions of the complete ETA and the provisions of the EN 1992-4:2018. We recommend using our anchor design software C-FIX.

Permissible tension (N_{nerm}) and shear loads (V_{nerm});

minimum spacing (s___) and edge distances (c___)

[kN]

4.3

4.3

4.3

6.3

4.1

9.0

4.6

11.9

16.6

10.6

15.2

20.3

11.6

18.0

294

Design according to EN 1992-4:2018 (for static resp. quasi-static loads). The partial safety factors for material resistance as regulated in the ETA as well as a partial safety factor for load

1) In the case of combinations of tension and shear loads, bending moments with reduced or minimum spacing and edge distances (anchor groups), the design must be carried out in

 $S_{min}^{3)}$

[mm]

35

35

35

35

35

35

40

40

40

50

50

50

60

60

60

C_{min} 3)

[mm]

35

35

35

35

35

35

40

40

40

50

50

50

60

60

60

Non-cracked concrete

with reduced loads

 N_{nerm}^{3}

[kN]

3.8

4.8

5.7

6.4

5.9

8.8

6.6

8.5

131

7.5

10.9

17.1

8.3

12.8

21.0

Permissible tension (N_{norm}) and shear loads (V_{norm});

minimum spacing (s_{min}) and edge distances (c_{min})

[kN]

4.3

4.3

4.3

6.3

5.9

9.0

6.6

14.0

166

15.1

15.2

20.3

16.6

22.1

29.4

S_{min} 3)

[mm]

35

35

35

35

35

35

40

40

40

50

50

50

60

60

60

C_{min} 3)

[mm]

35

35

35

35

35

35

40

40

40

50

50

50

60

60

60

Permissible loads of a single anchor¹⁾ in normal concrete of strength class C20/25. For the design the complete current assessment ETA-15/0352 has to be considered.

Screw-in

depth

h_{nom}

40

45

50

55

50

65

55

65

85

60

75

100

65

85

115

[mm]